

BY AUTHORITY.



### ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
HONOLULU, November 10, 1892.

In accordance with the Election Law of the Kingdom, notice is hereby given that a Special Election for Noble for the Election Division of Kaula and Niihau will be held between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on MONDAY, the 5th day of December, 1892, to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of six years, caused by the resignation of His Excellency George N. Wilcox.

The Election Districts, Voting Precincts, Polling Places and Inspectors of Election are as follows:

#### ISLANDS OF KAUI AND NIIHAU.

##### FIRST DISTRICT—WAIMEA.

From Puanaia Point to and including Kalaheo and the Island of Niihau.

First Precinct—From and including Kalaheo to and including Hanalei.

Polling Place—Hanalei School House.

Inspectors—H. C. Perry,  
P. R. Holl.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
S. M. Nawai.

Second Precinct—That portion of the said District extending from Hanalei to a line drawn from the sea to the mountains at a point 200 yards west of Waimea Mill and including the valley of the Waimea River and its branches.

Polling Place—Waimea Court House.

Inspectors—T. H. Gibson,  
James Kamalemi,  
C. B. Hofgaard.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
G. L. Copa,  
G. W. Kaona.

Third Precinct—That portion of the said District extending from the Second Precinct to the Puanaia Point.

Polling Place, Kekaha School House.

Inspectors—W. L. Wells,  
David Kua,  
W. E. Smith.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
J. K. Kalua,  
J. Kamikino.

Fourth Precinct—The Island of Niihau.

Polling Place—School House.

Inspectors—J. H. Kaka,  
J. B. Kaomea,  
W. H. Keale.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
J. Pulawa,  
J. D. Kaili.

##### SECOND DISTRICT—LIHUE.

Consisting of all that portion of Kaula from and including Kalaheo to and including Hanalei.

First Precinct—The District of Lihue.

Polling Place—Lihue Court House.

Inspectors—R. W. T. Purvis,  
W. G. Smith,  
J. B. Hanalei.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
S. R. Hapuku.

Second Precinct—The District of Koloa from its junction with Lihue to and including the land of Lani.

Polling Place—Koloa Court House.

Inspectors—J. K. Buckett,  
J. M. Kahalaui,  
Louis Kahlbaum.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
E. Strolz.

##### THIRD DISTRICT—HANALEI.

Consisting of that portion of Kaula from and including Waimea to Puanaia Point.

First Precinct—That portion of said District lying between Waimea and the Kalaheo River.

Polling Place—Waimea Court House.

Inspectors—H. Peters,  
Joa. H. Barenala,  
J. M. Naeole.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
S. P. Kalaikini,  
H. J. Wells.

Second Precinct—That portion of said District, extending from Kalaheo River, to and including the land of Papaa.

Polling Place—School House, Kilauea.

Inspectors—W. O. Muller,  
J. W. Kahoe,  
John Lovell.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
Hiram K. Anahu.

Third Precinct—That portion of the District extending from the land of Papaa to and including the land of Waiala.

Polling Place—Court House, Kapaa.

Inspectors—H. Z. Austin,  
J. M. Kealoa,  
S. Kaku.

Specially appointed for Election Day—  
F. B. Smith,  
G. B. Meneh.

G. N. WILCOX,  
Minister of the Interior,  
571 34-46 31

### GUNPOWDER REGULATIONS.

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Minister of the Interior, under Section 354 of the Civil Code of this Kingdom, I hereby proclaim the following Regulations for the storing, keeping and transportation of gunpowder in this Kingdom; and no person shall store, keep or transport any gunpowder in other quantity or manner than is prescribed in such Regulations:

1. No person shall receive, keep or store, or cause to be received, kept or stored, or aid or assist any person in receiving, keeping or storing gunpowder in a larger quantity than fifty pounds in any brick or stone fire-proof building; or more than ten pounds in any wooden building, or upon any other premises in this Kingdom, except in the Government Powder Magazine.

2. Any person keeping, storing, or having fifty pounds of gunpowder, or less than that quantity in accordance with rule one, in any one place, except in the Government Powder Magazine, shall keep the same in an air-tight metallic vessel, which vessel shall be marked with the word "Gunpowder" in plain Roman letters, not less than three inches in height, and of proportionate width; and shall be kept at all times conspicuously in view, near the entrance of the premises where kept, and convenient for removal therefrom.

3. Any vessel arriving at any port of this Kingdom, and having Gunpowder on

board as freight or cargo, shall immediately hoist a red flag at the fore-mast head, and keep the same flying until the gunpowder shall have been landed or removed; and no vessel having gunpowder on board will be permitted to remain at the wharf, more than twelve hours, and if the vessel shall be at the wharf over night a policeman or watchman shall be kept on duty on board all night. All gunpowder deposited on the wharf for shipment, shall be immediately passed on board the vessel to receive the same.

All gunpowder landed or placed on any sidewalk, street or public way, for forwarding or shipment, shall be forwarded or shipped immediately after it shall have been so landed or placed.

4. No person shall convey or cause to be conveyed or assist in conveying, in any vehicle, any gunpowder, unless the same shall be securely packed in close packages, nor unless such packages shall be securely covered while on the vehicle.

5. The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, the Assistant Engineers, Secretary of the Fire Department, and Fire Marshal of Honolulu, and the Harbor-master of the Port of Honolulu, and the Sheriffs of the different Islands and their deputies are directed to see that these regulations are enforced and to make complaints to any Police or District Justice, for the violation of the provisions thereof.

6. Storage will be exacted for all gunpowder received in the Government Magazines, at the rate of twenty cents per month for every hundred pounds, the same to be paid quarterly to the keeper of the Magazine.

7. All expenses of transportation to and from the Powder Magazine and payment of services of Policeman or Watchman as provided in Rule 3, shall be defrayed by the owners or consignees of such powder.

8. The Powder Magazine will be open for delivery on all days excepting Sundays, and holidays, between the hours of two and three p. m., provided due notice is given to the keeper. Previous to landing any gunpowder from any vessel, notice shall be sent to the keeper of the Magazine, that he may be present to receive the same.

9. George W. C. Jones has been appointed the keeper of the Government Powder Magazine, Honolulu.

GEO. N. WILCOX,  
Minister of the Interior,  
Interior Office, November 10, 1892,  
571-34

### MEMBERS OF TAX APPEAL BOARDS

Commissioned by the Minister of Finance

for the Year 1892.

#### HAWAII.

District Hilo—C. E. Richardson, L. Turner.

District Puna—R. Ryerott, W. Kamau.

District Kona—C. Macomber, J. C. Seale.

District S. Kona—C. Kaeo, Moses Barrett.

District N. Kona—D. Namana, George Clark.

District N. Kohala—J. McGuire, F. Northrop.

District S. Kohala—F. Spencer, T. W. Lindsay.

District Hamakua—H. Hall, M. P. Holmes.

District N. Hilo—Jas. Matoon, D. Kahoolo.

#### MAUI.

District Hana—J. E. Lyons, W. K. Hutchinson.

District Wailuku—J. T. Aluli, Patrick Cockett.

District Molokai and Lanai—Charles Cockett, L. K. Kupiehu.

District Lahaina—L. M. Baldwin, Peter Kahakaula Kaha.

District Makawao—E. Hao Kekapai, David P. Eldridge.

#### KAUAI.

District Waimea and Niihau—E. E. Count, D. Kua.

District Hanalei—E. T. G. Bryant, L. Kalaue.

District Kawaihau—E. Lindeman, G. B. Menela.

District Koloa—W. G. Smith, Kekoa.

District Lihue—H. D. Wishard, Josia Keawe.

#### OAHU.

District Honolulu—W. P. Allen, J. T. Waterhouse, Jr.

District Ewa and Waimanua—A. J. Campbell, J. R. Holt, Jr.

District Waialua—Jas. Gay, Kaiaika-waha.

District Koolauloa—Jas. Corwin, Jas. Doucely.

District Koolau—Jas. Oles, R. Makahaula.

E. C. MACFARLANE,  
Minister of Finance,  
Finance Department, October 31, 1892,  
562-41

### 1892-- TAXES -- 1892

Tax Payers in this District are hereby notified that the Taxes for the current year will be due and payable at the Office of the Tax Assessor and Collector, in the Kapuaia Building, on the 1st day of November, 1892.

The Office will be open from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily (Sundays excepted) and on Saturdays until 12 o'clock noon.

All amounts over \$10 must be paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Taxes not paid before the 15th day of December next will be liable to suit with 10 percent costs added.

T. A. LLOYD,  
Deputy Assessor and Collector of Taxes,  
District of Kona, Island of Oahu.

Approved:  
E. C. MACFARLANE,  
Minister of Finance,  
563-24

It has pleased Her Majesty the Queen to appoint the following named gentlemen to be Her Cabinet, namely:

His Excellency HON. G. N. WILCOX

Minister of Interior, vice Charles T. Gulick, resigned.

His Excellency HON. M. P. ROBINSON,

Minister of Foreign Affairs, vice Joseph Nawahi, resigned.

His Excellency HON. PETER C. JONES,

Minister of Finance, vice Hon. W. H. Cornwell, resigned.

His Excellency HON. CECIL BROWN,

Attorney-General, vice Charles Creighton, resigned.

Iolani Palace, November 8, 1892,  
569 34-46 11

A. BARNES, Esq., has this day been appointed a member of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Waialua, Maui, for the unexpired term made vacant by the resignation of H. G. Treadway, Esq.

G. N. WILCOX,  
Minister of the Interior,  
Interior Office, Nov. 10, 1892,  
571-31

### PROCLAMATION.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,  
HONOLULU, October 25, 1892.

By virtue of authority given by an Act of the Legislative Assembly, entitled an "Act to Prevent the Infection of Cholera in the Hawaiian Islands," approved on the 27th day of September, 1892, upon recommendation of the Board of Health, I do hereby declare all Ports of Entry in the Kingdom, now open to commerce.

E. C. MACFARLANE,  
Minister of Finance,  
Honolulu, Oct. 25, 1892,  
557-41

### IRRIGATION NOTICE.

Holders of Water Privileges, or those paying Water Rates, are hereby notified that, owing to the drought and the scarcity of water in the Government Reservoirs, the Hours for using water for Irrigation purposes are from 7 to 8 o'clock a. m., and 5 to 6 o'clock p. m., until further notice.

JOHN C. WHITE,  
Supt. Honolulu Water Works.

Approved:  
CHAR. T. GULICK,  
Minister of the Interior,  
Honolulu, H. I., Oct. 15, 1892,  
549-41

### THE DAILY BULLETIN.

Pledged to neither Sect nor Party,  
But Established for the Benefit of All.

THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1892.

An able letter from Mr. Theo. H. Davies will be found in this issue, replying to a recent deliverance of Mr. A. S. Hartwell on the Pearl Harbor question. It puts in a clear light certain phases of the matter which superficial observers have failed to see, and interested people shut their eyes to perceiving.

It would appear from news given in this issue that the promoters of steam traffic between Puget Sound and Honolulu mean business and have good prospects of realizing their scheme. Their success will give a great impetus not only to the banana trade, but to the export of pineapples and other products, besides stimulating tourist travel.

A gentleman, on returning from a business trip on the other islands, remarked that it did one good to get out of the political atmosphere of Honolulu occasionally. He had found in the country a strong reaction in favor of Marshal Wilson, from the fact that the investigations set on foot early in the session, and prosecuted with the utmost zeal by two special committees, had been unable to fasten the slightest malfeasance in office on the Marshal.

There was a corresponding feeling of indignation over the conduct of Hon. J. E. Bush, in turning his position as head of the second committee to mercenary account, by securing large prices for the translating, printing, etc., of his encyclopedic report, all in his own family and printing shop.

The Advertiser this morning fully exposes the secret workings by which its supporters were enabled to get together and secure a majority in the House to vote out the last three Cabinets. It shows clearly that "principle" was simply a nominal condition of support" was in all cases private grudges and personal ends without regard to the benefit of the nation. It admits that if these personal enmities are not to be subserved by the dismissal of the Marshal, "the Reform party has made use of the Liberals just as long as it found them useful, and then has dropped them." This is exactly the case and, as we stated yesterday, the Liberals feel correspondingly sore over the treachery of their quondam allies who, to get into power over their shoulders, were willing to agree to anything.

The Advertiser, to placate the Liberal party, if possible, after their disappointment over the treachery of their Reform allies, promises them Marshal Wilson's scalp under pain of branding the Reform party as devoid of "political honor." The magnitude and value of this bribe no doubt will cause the Liberals to flop as promptly as their late allies did, especially when they consider how much those allies have already received as a reward for deserting them. It calls on the Ministry to do this as part of their duty. Nothing is said as to whether the Ministry should investigate or not into the Marshal's merits or demerits. They are ordered simply to dismiss him (1) to please the Liberals and secure their support in the House, (2) to show that they are not subject to his or anyone else's influence. The Advertiser has issued its ukase and the Cabinet must bow down to their autocrat. The end of the principle (7) fight is not that the majority shall rule, but that the Advertiser shall pull the strings and its Cabinet puppets dance to the music.

The interview with Mr. George Clark in Tuesday's BULLETIN introduces a subject of the highest importance to the country. It points out where the expenditure of money by the Government would repay itself

manifoldly. This is in the construction of roads to give access from farming lands to shipping points. There are other localities besides Kona where this species of reproductive public improvement is demanded. Just when money is most needed for expenditure in this way, to give the thoroughly awakened diversified industries spirit full scope, a beggared treasury confronts the country. It is for such purposes as the one here mentioned that a national loan would be according to the highest public policy. Probably, too, the expenditure of borrowed capital in this way would be made with better results than that of ordinary revenue. There would, or ought to be a larger sense of responsibility felt by the Government, which would tend to prevent the disgraceful waste that has, in different parts of the country, characterized the expenditure of ordinary revenue on road-making.

### THE CABINET-MAKING.

The Advertiser says this morning that the principle has been upheld. That is to say, the so-called Constitutional principle which Mr. Thurston is alleged to have evolved from the gray matter of his cerebrum, unaided by adventitious assistance from his morning hand-organ. It alleges in support of this (1) "the appointment of a Ministry freely selected by G. N. Wilcox," (2) "endorsement by the caucus," (3) "and with no secret pledges to the Queen." It goes on to say: "We have the best of reasons for believing these to be the facts. If they are not, then the principle for which the Opposition has contended for two months has not been upheld, and the Cabinet are not entitled to support."

The first statement is met squarely by the undeniable fact that Mr. Cecil Brown was called to form the Cabinet and did form it freely, and that Mr. G. N. Wilcox was merely asked to join it. The second, statement is met by the fact that, out of the Opposition majority of 31, 24 met in caucus and of these only 17 endorsed the Cabinet at the caucus. The third statement that "no secret pledges to the Queen have been given" is, we believe, quite true, and the fact is no such pledges were ever thought of or asked for.

We have thus shown by undeniable facts that the so-called principle for which the Opposition have contended has not been upheld, according to the Advertiser's own showing, and no truthful or sane man will ever think so. The conclusion that the Advertiser draws that unless the principle has been upheld "the Cabinet are not entitled to support" may do for a guide to itself and any of its backers who are insane enough to follow it blindly in all its doublings and changes of front. We contend that it is the duty of every right-minded man to support any Cabinet which does its duty and acts for the best interests of the people and country, without fear or favor, no matter of whom it consists or how it was formed.

### Foreman Fireman Resigns.

A special meeting of Engine Co. No. 2 was held last night at the Bell Tower. Foreman W. H. C. Greig in the chair. The object of the meeting was to consider the resignation of the foreman. Mr. Greig stated that through certain circumstances he was obliged to resign from the company altogether. It was at the request of his employers that he asked his fellow firemen to accept the resignation. Perhaps at a future time he might be enabled to rejoin the gallant company and Honolulu's noble fire brigade. On motion of Henry Smith the resignation was accepted with regret, on condition, however, that it take effect after the meeting. An election was held later and Carl Widemann was appointed to fill the vacancy. A. L. C. Atkinson was elected treasurer in place of Mr. Widemann. After business a social time was spent.

### A GREAT SUCCESS!

Just the Thing for Breakfast

AUNT ABBEY'S

Cooked : Rolled : Oats!

Healthful!

Economical!

Delicious!

For Sale by all Leading Grocers.

MITCHELL & PETERSON,

S. F. AGENTS.

Daily Bulletin, 50 cents a month, delivered free.

Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd.

Oppo. Spreckels' Block,  
Fort Street.

### Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd.

Monday, Nov. 7, 1892.

What with putting in a ministry to live from two weeks down to less than three hours the political situation is, to say the least, peculiar; nor is the condition of affairs likely to change while party principles are to take precedence over the wishes, not to say demands, of a majority of people outside the legislative hall. Honolulu is overloaded with newspaper correspondents and every move and word by a politician is looked upon by those people with certain significance and after it revolves in the gigantic brain of the newspaper man with spice and ginger added with each revolution it goes on to the coast a statement of very large untruths. The fact of the inability of the politicians to harmonize and decide upon a cabinet is sufficient reason for impairing the nation's credit abroad. Much worse is it, when the facts are distorted in the columns of the foreign journals. In the United States the press can neither be gagged nor muzzled, and the only way to protect the credit of the islands, to settle the unrest that exists in the minds of the business men abroad and at home, is to decide on a cabinet—get them in office and permit them to remain long enough to become acquainted with the clerks in their respective departments.

To leave a heavy for a lighter subject let's talk about bread boards. Every cook and housekeeper wants a bread board and they usually want a good one. The one you've yearned for is here waiting for your request to send it to your house—fine wooden wood and guaranteed not to warp or shrink; chronometer balance and adjusted to heat and cold.

Do you want one?

Last week we should have mentioned pocket knives but other things took their place in the hardware news column.

Besides the most delicate little knives in mother of pearl handles for ladies we have them for men in any walk in life; from Cholmondeley who confines the use of his pen-knife to trimming his finger nails to the sailor in the fo'castle who uses a knife for cutting his tobacco. In knives for use in weeding out corns we can show you something rather better than the usual run.

Local sportsmen report seeing a very large Snow goose in various parts of Oahu. During the moonlight nights every fellow who owns a gun has been out chasing the bird, and its presence here has been used as an excuse by lots of men who wanted to stay out late when they didn't have "the lodge" as an excuse to fall back on. To the hunters who enjoy a day's shooting we invite attention to our stock of smokeless powder cartridges received by the S. S. Australia.

Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd.

Oppo. Spreckels' Block,  
Fort Street.

### GRAND

## CLOSING OUT SALE

—OF THE—

## TEMPLE OF FASHION

### SPECIAL

For

This

Week

—OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF—

WHITE

## Dress Goods

Lawns, Swisses, Victoria Lawns,

India Linen,

—A FULL LINE OF—

Nainsook, Gingham, Persian Mulls, Etc., Etc.

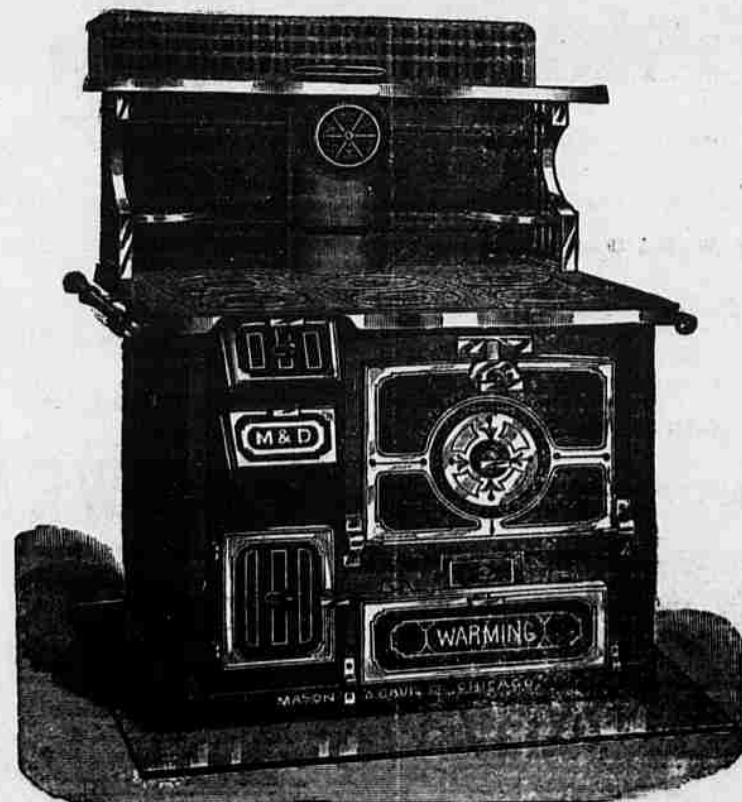
Will be Closed Out This Week at Prices Not to be Mentioned!

Ladies Take Advantage of This Special Sale!

S. EHRlich,  
Temple of Fashion.

## PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., Ltd.

Cummins' Block, Fort Street.



## M. & D. Wrought Steel Ranges!

## THEO. H. DAVIES & CO.

Have Opened Their New

## China, Glass and Furniture

Salesroom on Kaahumanu St., Ground Floor,

—WITH A—

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW GOODS!

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF

Royal Worcester, Crown Derby, Wedgewood and Other

## FINE WARE!

New Rugs and Carpets,

English Furniture,

Rattan Ware.

Fine Show of Glassware, Ivoryware, Bohemian Vases, Wine Glasses, Tumblers, Cut Salads, Etc.

Prices Reduced.